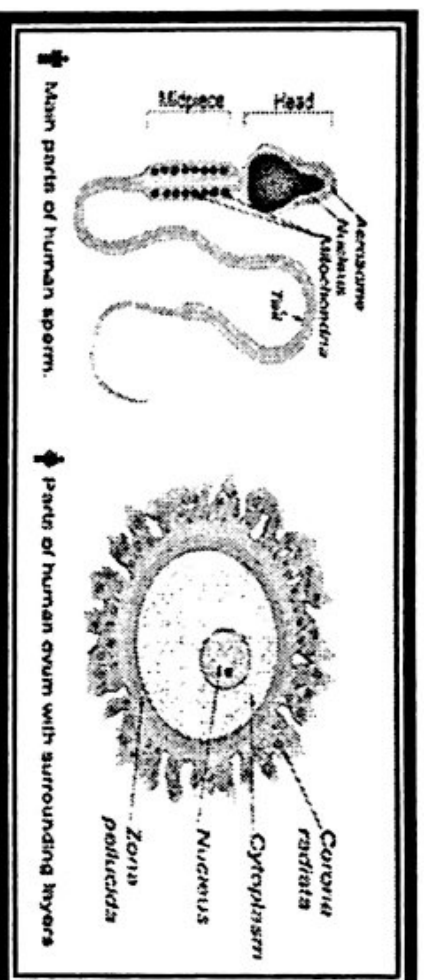


# Gametes

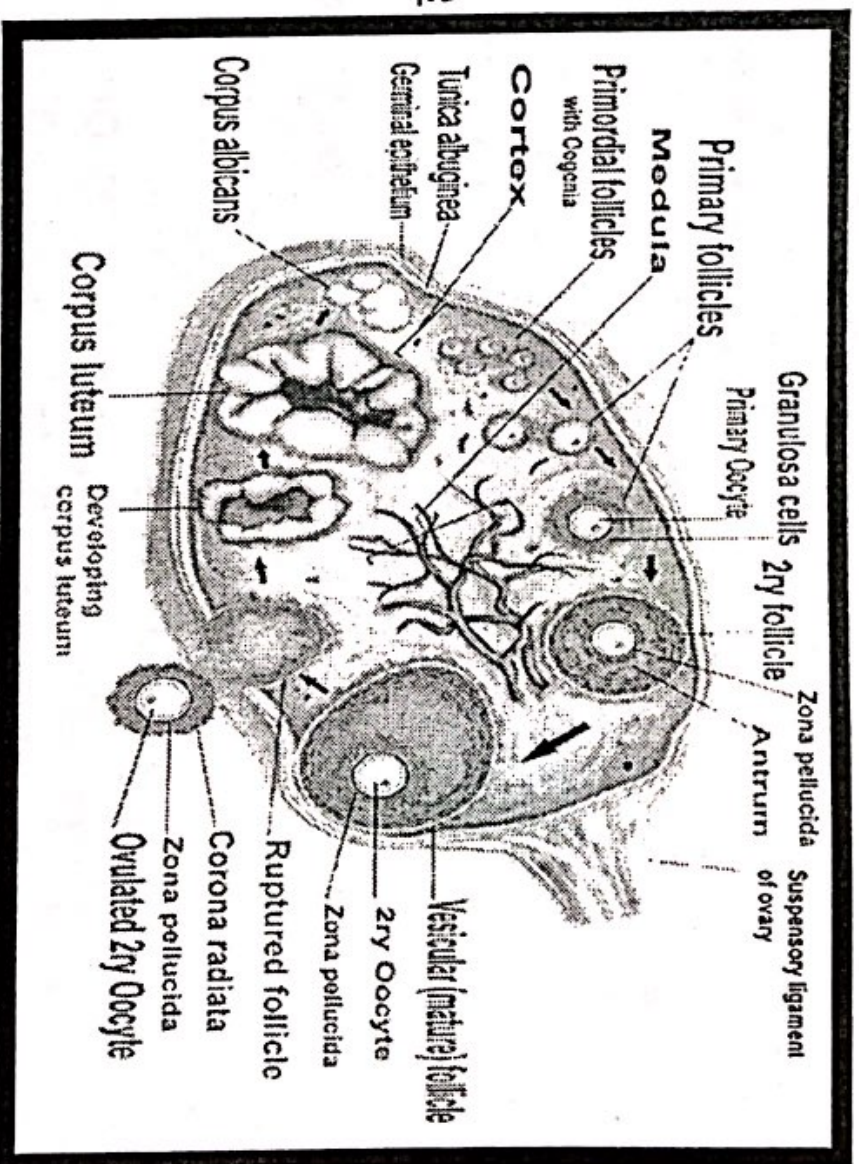


- In gametogenesis, DNA replication and centromeric division occur in separate cell cycles (Meiosis I and Meiosis II).
- Both male gamete (sperm) and female gamete (ovum) contains  $\frac{1}{2}$  number of chromosomes (haploid **1n** cells) that reduced during **Meiosis**.
- Each carries a mixture of **Paternal** and **Maternal** genes.
- Gametogenesis begins in males at **puberty** while in females it begins during **fetal life**.
- Thus, the time required to produce a mature ovum may extended to 40-45 years; for this reason that abnormalities in chromosome number are usually attributed to the female rather the male gamete.

# Oogenesis-1

The sequence of events by which Oogonia (primitive ovum) are transformed into 1ry Oocyte. This maturation process begins during fetal life, but not completed until after puberty.

- Layers of ovary 1, 2.
- Main function of ovary, to produce mature Ovum ready for fertilization.
- Occurs in the cortex of the Ovary, which contains Oocytes at various stages of development.
- Oogenesis is a repetitive monthly ovarian cycle during females reproductive period ~ 33Y.





# Oogenesis-2

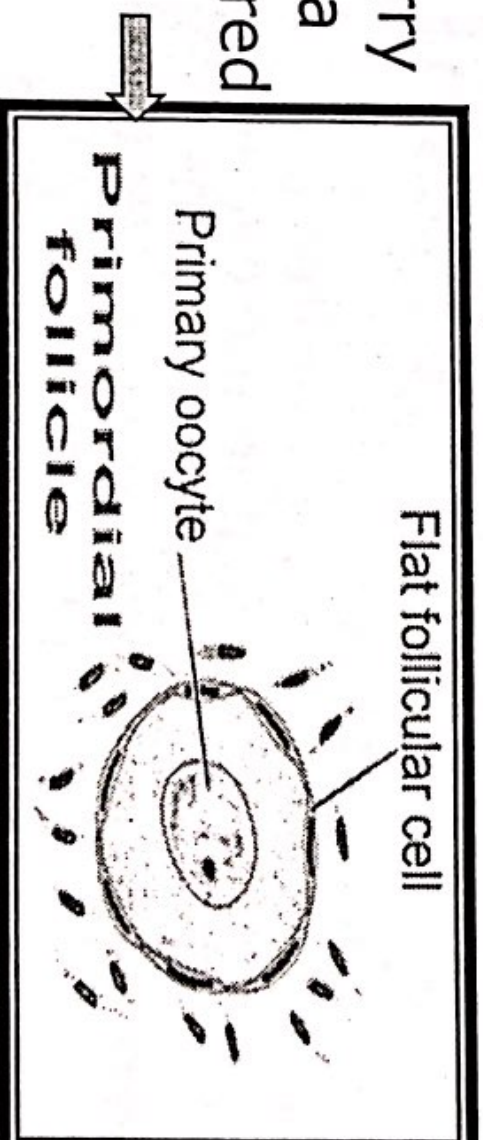
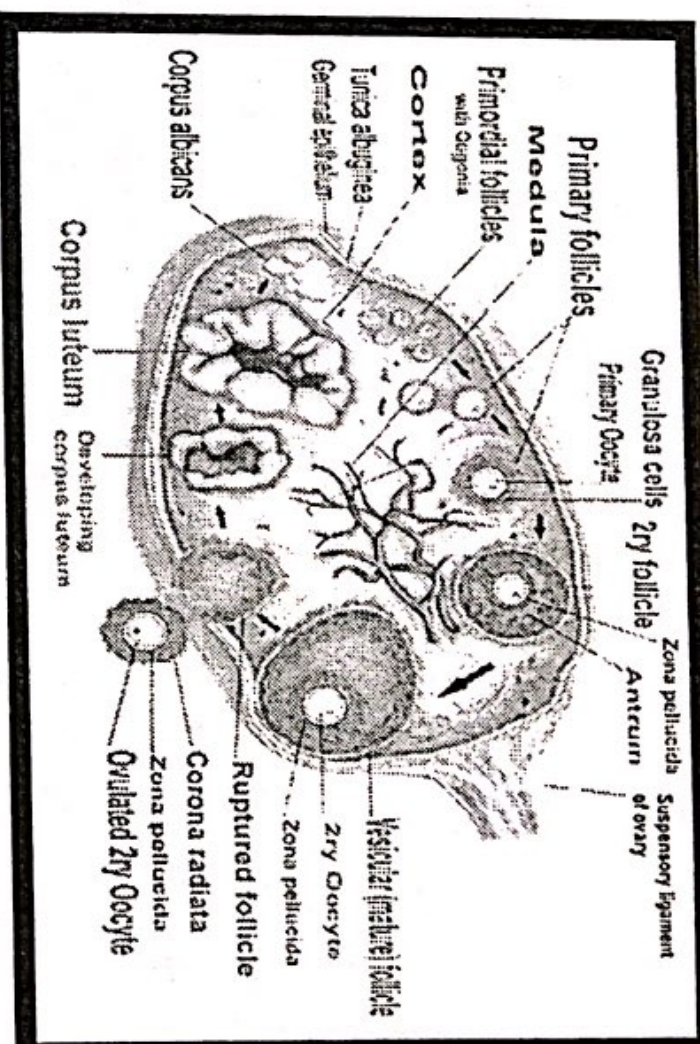
## ■ By the end of 5wk,

The Primordial germ cells  
**PGC arrive** to the  
developing ovary and form  
the (primitive ovum) **Oogonia**.

## By the 3M:

**Oogonia** proliferate by mitosis and enlarge into **1ry Oocyte** then arrested **STOP** in **Prophase of Meiosis I** and may stay 40 years when cell begins its final maturation.

During this period cell carry  
46 chromosomes, inside a  
**Primordial follicle** covered  
by one layer of flat cells.





# Oogenesis- 3

## ■ By 5M:

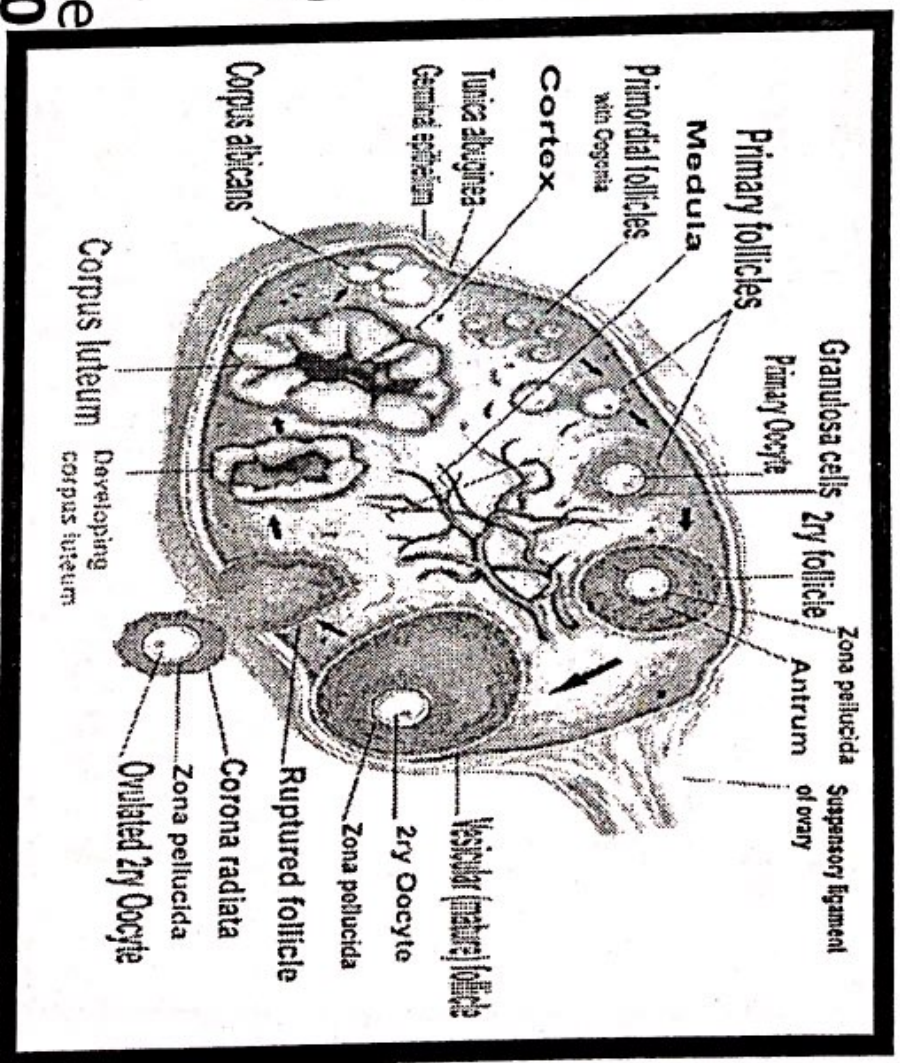
Number of **Oogonia** reach about **7 million**. Start death.

- By 7M: Remained Oogonia are transformed into **1ry Oocytes** and arrested **STOP** in **Prophase Meiosis I**.

## ■ At birth:

All 1ry Oocytes enter **Meiosis I**, but arrested **STOP** in **Diplotene stage** طور السكون (a prolong **Prophase Meiosis I**) until puberty.

- Up to **2M** of 1ry Oocytes are usually present in the ovaries of a newborn. Most degenerate during childhood, only **~40,000** remain until puberty. About 400 will mature and ovulated.





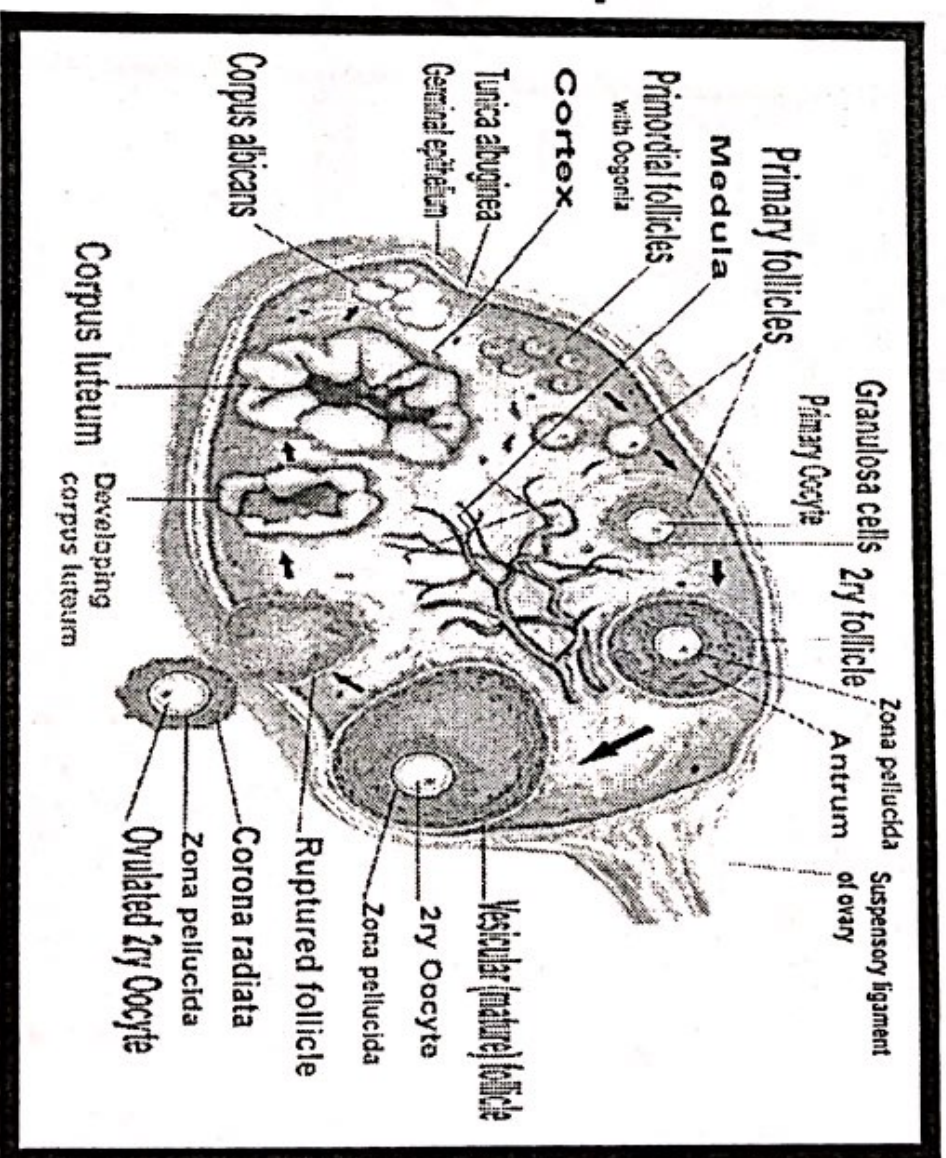
# Oogenesis - 4

## ■ At puberty:

In each ovarian cycle,  
only 1 out of 20


**1ry Oocytes** reach  
maturity and ovulated.

- Only **~ 400 1ry Oocytes** will be  
ovulated during the  
female fertile life  
(**~ = 33 years**).





# Oogenesis- 5

- Shortly before ovulation:
- 1ry Oocyte complete  **Meiosis I** and form the **2ry Oocyte + 1st polar body** that soon degenerate.

- At Ovulation: 2ry Oocyte enter **meiosis II** but arrested  in **Metaphase II** and only completed at **fertilization**.

At **Day 14** of the female reproductive cycle, the 2ry Oocyte is ovulated under the influence of the **LH** hormone with its covering layers.

- Ovulated ovum enter into uterine tube in anticipation to be fertilized and stay viable only ~ 24 hours.

